

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-39 (previously cancelled)

40. (previously added) A method for producing an immune stimulating composition comprising:

treating bacteria containing peptidoglycan with an acid treatment solution;
removing insoluble components from the solution resulting from said treating;
saving the remaining solution and adjusting the pH to a physiologically acceptable

pH;

testing said solution for immune-stimulating activity; and
obtaining thereby an immune stimulating composition.

41. (currently amended) The method of Claim 40 67 wherein said removal of insoluble components is by centrifugation.

42. (previously added) The method of Claim 41 wherein said centrifugation is at 10,000xg for about 20 minutes.

43. (previously added) The method of Claim 40 further comprising heating at about 100°C during said acid treatment.

44. (previously added) The method of Claim 43 wherein said heating is for about 2 hours.

45. (currently amended) The method of Claim 40 67 wherein said acid is selected from the group consisting of acetic acid, hydrochloric acid, and sulfuric acid.

46. (currently amended) The method of Claim 40 67 wherein said acid is acetic acid.

47. (currently amended) The method of Claim 40 67 wherein said bacteria containing peptidoglycan is *Lactobacillus*.

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48. (previously added) The method of Claim 47 wherein said bacteria is *L. fermentum*.

49. (currently amended) The method of Claim 40 67 further comprising ultrafiltration of said remaining solution.

50. (currently amended) The method of Claim 40 67 further comprising removing the lipids from said remaining solution.

51. (previously added) The method of Claim 50 wherein said lipids are removed with chloroform.

52. (previously added) The method of Claim 40 further comprising trichloroacetic acid precipitation of said remaining solution.

53. (previously added) The method of Claim 40 further comprising lyophilization of said remaining solution.

54. (previously added) The method of Claim 40 wherein said acid treatment is at a final pH of about 2.0.

55. (cancelled)

56. (cancelled)

57. (previously added) The method of claim 40 wherein said composition has a final pH of about 3.0.

58. (currently amended) The method of claim 40 67 wherein said composition has a final pH of about 5.3.

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59. (currently amended) The method of Claim 40 67, wherein said testing is performed by measuring at least one of the parameters selected from the group consisting of: lymphocyte proliferation, cytokine production, and dendritic cell maturation.

60. (currently amended) A method for producing an immune stimulating composition comprising:

treating bacteria containing peptidoglycan with an acid treatment solution having a final pH less than 5.3 of about 2.0;
removing insoluble components from the solution resulting from said treating;
saving the remaining solution and adjusting the pH to a physiologically acceptable pH; and
obtaining thereby an immune stimulating composition.

61. (currently amended) A method for producing a peptidoglycan extract from bacteria comprising:

heating a Gram positive bacteria in a solution comprising water and acid at a final pH of about 2.0,
wherein said solution is free of added raffinose and added enzymes;
removing insoluble particles from the solution resulting from said heating; and
adjusting the pH of the remaining solution to about 7.0 obtaining thereby an immune stimulating composition.

62. (cancelled)

63. (currently amended) The method of Claim 55 60 wherein said ~~Gram-positive~~ bacteria containing petidoglycan is Lactobacillus.

64. (currently amended) The method of Claim 55 60 further comprising removing lipids from said remaining solution.

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65. (currently amended) The method of Claim ~~55~~ 60 further comprising ultrafiltration from said remaining solution.
66. (currently amended) The method of Claim ~~55~~ 60 further comprising trichloroacetic acid precipitation from said remaining solution.
67. (new) A method for producing an immune stimulating composition comprising:
treating bacteria containing peptidoglycan with an acid treatment solution having a final pH of about 2.0;
removing insoluble components from the solution resulting from said treating;
saving the remaining solution and adjusting the pH to a physiologically acceptable pH;
testing said solution for immune-stimulating activity; and
obtaining thereby an immune stimulating composition.
68. (new) The method of Claim 67, wherein said immune stimulating composition is in a form suitable for injectable administration.
69. (new) The method of Claim 67 further comprising heating at about 100°C during said acid treatment.
70. (new) The method of Claim 69 wherein said heating is for about 2 hours.
71. (new) The method of Claim 67 further comprising removing lipids from said remaining solution.
72. (new) The method of Claim 67 further comprising ultrafiltration from said remaining solution.
73. (new) The method of Claim 67 further comprising trichloroacetic acid precipitation from said remaining solution.